#### The application of agricultural source material to land.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
5	1. The agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is less than 40% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
6		Phosphorus (total)
9	1. The agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is at least 40%, but not more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is at least 0.5 nutrient units per acre but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre.	Nitrogen
10		Phosphorus (total)
11	1. The agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is at least 40%, but not more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
12		Phosphorus (total)
13	1. The agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is than 0.5 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
14		Phosphorus (total)
15	1. The agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is at least 0.5 nutrient units per acre but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre.	Nitrogen
16		Phosphorus (total)
17	1. The agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
18		Phosphorus (total)

#### The application of commercial fertilizer to land.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
23	1.The commercial fertilizer is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is less than 40% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
24		Phosphorus (total)
27	1. The commercial fertilizer is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is at least 40%, but not more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is at least 0.5 nutrient units per acre but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre.	Nitrogen
28		Phosphorus (total)
29	1. The commercial fertilizer is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is at least 40%, but not more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
30		Phosphorus (total)
31	1. The commercial fertilizer is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is less than 0.5 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
32		Phosphorus (total)
33	1. The commercial fertilizer is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is at least 0.5 nutrient units per acre but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre.	Nitrogen

#### The application of commercial fertilizer to land.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
34		Phosphorus (total)
35	1. The commercial fertilizer is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
36		Phosphorus (total)
The a	application of non-agricultural source material to land.	

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
41	1. The non-agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is less than 40% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
42		Phosphorus (total)
45	1. The non-agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is at least 40%, but not more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is at least 0.5 nutrient units per acre but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre.	Nitrogen
46		Phosphorus (total)
47	1. The non-agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is at least 40%, but not more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
48		Phosphorus (total)
49	1. The non-agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is less than 0.5 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
50		Phosphorus (total)
51	1. The non-agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is at least 0.5 nutrient units per acre but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre.	Nitrogen
52		Phosphorus (total)
53	1. The non-agricultural source material is applied to land located in a vulnerable area, where the managed land map shows a managed land percentage for the applicable area that is more than 80% and the livestock density map shows a livestock density for the applicable area that is sufficient to annually apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient units per acre.	Nitrogen
54		Phosphorus (total)

### The application of pesticide to land.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
60	1. The area of land to which the pesticide is applied is less than 1 hectare.	MCPA (2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid)
62		Mecoprop
66	1. The area of land to which the pesticide is applied is at least 1 hectare, but not more than 10 hectares.	Atrazine
67		Dicamba
68		Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid (D-2,4)
69		Dichloropropene-1,3

### The application of pesticide to land.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
71		MCPA (2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid)
72		MCPB (4-(4-chloro-2-
		methylphenoxy)butanoic acid )
73		Mecoprop
74		Metalaxyl
77	1. The area of land to which the pesticide is applied is more than 10 hectares.	Atrazine
78		Dicamba
79		Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid (D-2,4)
80		Dichloropropene-1,3
81		Glyphosate
82		MCPA (2-methyl-4- chlorophenoxyacetic acid )
83		MCPB (4-(4-chloro-2- methylphenoxy)butanoic acid )
84		Mecoprop
85		Metalaxyl
86		Metolachlor or s-Metolachlor
87		Pendimethalin
The a	pplication of road salt.	
Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
92	1. The road salt is applied in an area where the percentage of total impervious surface area, as set out on a total impervious surface area map, is more than 8, but less than 80 percent.	Chloride
93		Sodium
94	1. The road salt is applied in an area where the percentage of total impervious surface area, as set out on a total impervious surface area map, is 80 percent or more.	Chloride
95		Sodium
	stablishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within eaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.	
Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
98	1. The application of hauled sewage to land. 2. The application area is at least 1, but not more than 10 hectares.	Nitrogen
99		Phosphorus (total)
100	1. The application of hauled sewage to land. 2. The application area is more than 10 hectares.	Nitrogen
101		Phosphorus (total)

IIIC	handling and storage of a dense non-aqueous phase liquid.  Threat Subcategory: Handling Of A Dense Non Aqueous Phase Liquid (DN	NAPL)
Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
107	1. The above grade handling of a DNAPL in relation to its storage.	Dioxane-1,4
108		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
109		Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)
110		Trichloroethylene or another DNAl that could degrade to Trichloroethylene
111		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
The l	handling and storage of fuel.  Threat Subcategory: Handling Of Fuel	
Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
177	1. The above grade handling of liquid fuel in relation to its storage at a facility as defined in section 1 of O. Reg. 213/01 (Fuel Oil) made under the Technical Standards and Safety Act, 2000 or a facility as defined in section 1 of O. Reg. 217/01 (Liquid Fuels) made under the Technical Standards and Safety Act, 2000, but not including a bulk plant. 2. The quantity of liquid fuel stored is more than 2,500 litres.	BTEX
The 1	management of runoff that contains chemicals used in the de-icing of	
<u>aircr</u>	raft.	
Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
	E Circumstances 1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.	Chemical Dioxane-1,4
196		
196 197		Dioxane-1,4
Ref # 196 197 198 199	1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.	Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol
196 197 198 199 <b>The</b> 1	1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.	Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol
196 197 198 199 <b>The</b> t	1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-	Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol
196 197 198 199 <b>The</b> 1	1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a regional airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-	Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol aterial - Agricultural
196 197 198 199 <b>The 1</b> <b>confi</b> <b>Ref #</b>	1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-	Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol aterial - Agricultural Chemical
196 197 198 199 <b>The</b> 1 <b>confi</b>	1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-icing materials may discharge to land or water. 2.The runoff originates at a national airport.  1.Runoff containing de-	Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol Dioxane-1,4 Ethylene Glycol aterial - Agricultural Chemical Nitrogen

**Source Material (ASM) Generation (Yards or confinement)** 

Chemical

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Ref # Circumstances

confinement area or a farm-animal yard. O. Reg. 385/08, s. 3.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
208	1. The use of land as an outdoor confinement area or a farm-animal yard. 2. The number of animals confined in the area at any time is sufficient to generate agricultural source material at a rate of at least 120 nutrient units and not more than 300 nutrient units per hectares of the area annually.	Nitrogen
209		Phosphorus (total)
210	1. The use of land as an outdoor confinement area or a farm-animal yard. 2. The number of animals confined in the area at any time is sufficient to generate agricultural source material at a rate of more than 300 nutrient units per hectares of the area annually.	Nitrogen
211		Phosphorus (total)

# <u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.</u> Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Combined Sewer discharge from a stormwater outlet to surface water

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
239	1. The system is a combined sewer that may discharge sanitary sewage containing human waste to surface water other than by way of a designed bypass. 2. The combined sewer is part of a system that includes a wastewater treatment facility designed to discharge treated sanitary sewage at an average daily rate that is more than 2,500 but not more than 17,500 cubic metres on an annual basis.	Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
242		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
243		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
246		one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
251	1. The system is a combined sewer that may discharge sanitary sewage containing human waste to surface water other than by way of a designed bypass. 2. The combined sewer is part of a system that includes a wastewater treatment facility designed to discharge treated sanitary sewage at an average daily rate that is more than 17,500 but not more than 50,000 cubic metres on an annual basis.	BTEX
252		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
253		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
254		Hexachlorobenzene
255		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
256		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
257		Nitrogen
258		Nitrosodimethylamine-N (NDMA)
259		one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
260		Pentachlorophenol
261		Trichloroethylene or another DNAPL that could degrade to Trichloroethylene
262		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.</u>

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Combined Sewer discharge from a stormwater outlet to surface water

Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
263		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
264	1. The system is a combined sewer that may discharge sanitary sewage containing human waste to surface water other than by way of a designed bypass. 2. The combined sewer is part of a system that includes a wastewater treatment facility designed to discharge treated sanitary sewage at an average daily rate that is more than 50,000 cubic metres on an annual basis.	BTEX
265		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
266		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
267		Hexachlorobenzene
268		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
269		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
270		Nitrogen
271		Nitrosodimethylamine-N (NDMA)
272		one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
273		Pentachlorophenol
274		Trichloroethylene or another DNAPL that could degrade to Trichloroethylene
275		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
276		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
	stablishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, mits, treats or disposes of sewage.  Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Discharge Of Untreaction Pond  A Stormwater Retention Pond	eated Stormwater From
Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
316	1. The system is a storm water management facility designed to discharge storm water to land or surface water. 2. The drainage area associated with the storm water management facility is more than 10 but not more than 100 hectares and the predominant land uses in the area are rural, agricultural, or low density residential.	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
317		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
319		Chromium VI
222		Lead or one or more of its
322		compounds containing Lead

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.</u>

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Discharge Of Untreated Stormwater From A Stormwater Retention Pond

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
324		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
327		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
334	1. The system is a storm water management facility designed to discharge storm water to land or surface water. 2. The drainage area associated with the storm water management facility is more than 100 hectares and the predominant land uses in the area are rural, agricultural, or low density residential.	Aluminum or one or more of its compounds containing Aluminum
335		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
336		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
337		Chloride
338		Chromium VI
339		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
341		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
342		Mecoprop
343		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
344		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
345		Nitrogen
346		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
348		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F4 (>nC34)
349		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F2 (>nC10-nC16)
350		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
351		Phosphorus (total)
352		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
392	1. The system is a storm water management facility designed to discharge storm water to land or surface water. 2. The drainage area associated with the storm water management facility is more than 10 but not more than 100 hectares and the predominant land use in the area is high density residential land use.	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
393		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
395		Chromium VI

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.</u>

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Discharge Of Untreated Stormwater From A Stormwater Retention Pond

Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
398		Lead or one or more of its
		compounds containing Lead
399		Mecoprop
400		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
401		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
403		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
407		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
410	1. The system is a storm water management facility designed to discharge storm water to land or surface water. 2. The drainage area associated with the storm water management facility is more than 100 hectares and the predominant land use in the area is high density residential land use.	Aluminum or one or more of its compounds containing Aluminum
411		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
412		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
413		Chloride
414		Chromium VI
415		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
416		Glyphosate
417		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
418		Mecoprop
419		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
420		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
421		Nitrogen
422		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
423		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F1 (nC6-nC10)
424		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F4 (>nC34)
425		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F2 (>nC10-nC16)

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.</u>

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Discharge Of Untreated Stormwater From A Stormwater Retention Pond

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
426		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
427		Phosphorus (total)
428		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
449	1. The system is a storm water management facility designed to discharge storm water to land or surface water. 2. The drainage area associated with the storm water management facility is more than 1 but not more than 10 hectares and the predominant land uses in the area are industrial or commercial.	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
450		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
452		Chromium VI
455		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
456		Mecoprop
457		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
460		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
467	1. The system is a storm water management facility designed to discharge storm water to land or surface water. 2. The drainage area associated with the storm water management facility is more than 10 but not more than 100 hectares and the predominant land uses in the area are industrial or commercial.	Aluminum or one or more of its compounds containing Aluminum
468		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
469		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
470		Chloride
471		Chromium VI
472		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
474		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
475		Mecoprop
476		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
477		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
478		Nitrogen
479		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
481		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F4 (>nC34)

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores,</u> transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Discharge Of Untreated Stormwater From A Stormwater Retention Pond

Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
482		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F2 (>nC10-nC16)
483		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
484		Phosphorus (total)
485		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
486	1.The system is a storm water management facility designed to discharge storm water to land or surface water. 2.The drainage area associated with the storm water management facility is more than 100 hectares and the predominant land uses in the area are industrial or commercial.	Aluminum or one or more of its compounds containing Aluminum
487		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
488		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
489		Chloride
490		Chromium VI
491		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
492		Glyphosate
493		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
494		Mecoprop
495		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
496		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
497		Nitrogen
498		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
499		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F1 (nC6-nC10)
500		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F4 (>nC34)
501		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F2 (>nC10-nC16)
502		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
503		Phosphorus (total)
504		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores,</u> transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Discharge Of Untreated Stormwater From A Stormwater Retention Pond

#### Ref # Circumstances

Chemical

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.</u>

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Industrial Effluent Discharges

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
507	1. The system discharges to surface water and has as its primary function the collection, transmission or treatment of industrial sewage. 2. The system is not part of a facility for which the NPRI Notice requires a person to report.	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
511		Bromomethane
512		BTEX
516		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
517		Carbon Tetrachloride
520		Chromium VI
523		Cyanide (CN-)
529		Hexachlorobenzene
530		Hexachlorobutadiene
531		Hexachloroethane
533		Hydroquinone
535		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
537		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
541		Molybdenum
543		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
546		one or more Adsorbable Organic Halides (AOXs)
547		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
548		Pentachlorobenzene
552		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
555		Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium
556		Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver
560		Tetrachlorobenzene-1,2,4,5

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores,</u> Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Industrial Effluent Discharges transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.

Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
564		Tritium
565		Vanadium
566		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
568	1. The system discharges to surface water and has as its primary function the collection, transmission or treatment of industrial sewage. 2. The system is part of a facility for which the NPRI Notice requires a person to report and the report must include information in relation to a substance listed in Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 or Part 2 of Schedule 1 of the notice.	Acrylonitrile
569		Aluminum or one or more of its compounds containing Aluminum
570		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
571		Biphenyl-1,1'
572		Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate
573		Boron
574		Bromomethane
575		BTEX
576		Butoxyethanol-2
577		Butyl-n alcohol
578		Butyl-tert alcohol
579		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
580		Carbon Tetrachloride
581		Chloride
582		Chloroform
583		Chromium VI
584		Cobalt or one or more of its compounds containing Cobalt
585		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
586		Cyanide (CN-)
587		Dichlorobenzene-1,2 (ortho)
588		Dichlorobenzene-1,4 (para)
589		Dichloroethane-1,2
590		Ethylene Glycol
591		Formaldehyde

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores,</u> Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Industrial Effluent Discharges transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
592		Hexachlorobenzene
593		Hexachlorobutadiene
594		Hexachloroethane
595		Hydrazine or its salts
596		Hydroquinone
597		Iron
598		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
599		Manganese or one or more of its compounds containing Manganese
600		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
601		Methanol
602		Methyl ethyl ketone
603		Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)
604		Molybdenum
605		Naphthalene
606		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
607		Nitrogen
608		Nitrosodimethylamine-N (NDMA)
609		one or more Adsorbable Organic Halides (AOXs)
610		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
611		Pentachlorobenzene
612		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F1 (nC6-nC10)
613		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F4 (>nC34)
614		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F2 (>nC10-nC16)
615		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
616		Phenol (or its salts)

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores,</u> Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Industrial Effluent Discharges transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.

Ref #	# Circumstances	Chemical
617		Phosphorus (total)
618		Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium
619		Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver
620		Sodium fluoride
621		Styrene
622		Sulphide (Hydrogen)
623		Tetrachlorobenzene-1,2,4,5
624		Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)
625		Trichlorobenzene-1,2,4
626		Trichloroethylene or another DNAP that could degrade to Trichloroethylene
627		Tritium
628		Vanadium
629		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
630		Zinc or one or more of its compound containing Zinc
	establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, smits, treats or disposes of sewage.  Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Sewage treatment surface water	plant bypass discharge to
Ref #	# Circumstances	Chemical
746	1. The system is a wastewater treatment facility that may discharge sanitary sewage containing human waste to surface water by way of a designed bypass. 2. The wastewater treatment facility is designed to discharge treated sanitary sewage at an average daily rate that is more than 2,500 but not more than 17,500 cubic metres on an annual basis.	Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
749		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
750		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
753		one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
	1. The system is a wastewater treatment facility that may discharge sanitary sewage containing human waste to surface water by way of a designed bypass. 2. The wastewater treatment facility is designed to	BTEX
758	discharge treated sanitary sewage at an average daily rate that is more than 17,500 but not more than 50,000 cubic metres on an annual basis.	

The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Sewage treatment plant bypass discharge to surface water

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
760		Copper or one or more of its
		compounds containing Copper
761		Hexachlorobenzene
762		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
763		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
764		Nitrogen
765		Nitrosodimethylamine-N (NDMA)
766		one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
767		Pentachlorophenol
768		Trichloroethylene or another DNAPL that could degrade to Trichloroethylene
769		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
770		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
771	1. The system is a wastewater treatment facility that may discharge sanitary sewage containing human waste to surface water by way of a designed bypass. 2. The wastewater treatment facility is designed to discharge treated sanitary sewage at an average daily rate that is more than 50,000 cubic metres on an annual basis.	BTEX
772		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
773		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
774		Hexachlorobenzene
775		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
776		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
777		Nitrogen
778		Nitrosodimethylamine-N (NDMA)
779		one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
780		Pentachlorophenol
781		Trichloroethylene or another DNAPL that could degrade to Trichloroethylene

	establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, smits, treats or disposes of sewage.  Threat Subcategory: Semits, treats or disposes of sewage.	wage System Or Sewage Works - Sewage treatment plant bypass discharge to
Ref #	: Circumstances	Chemical
782		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
783		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
	establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, smits, treats or disposes of sewage.  Threat Subcategory: Sometiments, treats or disposes of sewage.  (Includes Lagoons)	wage System Or Sewage Works - Sewage Treatment Plant Effluent Discharges
Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
832	1. The system is a wastewater treatment facility that discharges directly to land or surface water through a means other than a designed because average daily rate that is more than 2,500 but not more than 17,500 cubic metres on an annual basis.	ypass. 2.The system is designed to discharge treated sanitary sewage at Antimony or one or more of its compounds containing Antimony
833		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
836		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
838		Chromium VI
846		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
847		MCPA (2-methyl-4- chlorophenoxyacetic acid )
848		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
856	1. The system is a wastewater treatment facility that discharges directly to land or surface water through a means other than a designed be average daily rate that is more than 17,500 but not more than 50,000 cubic metres on an annual basis.	ypass. 2.The system is designed to discharge treated sanitary sewage at compounds containing Antimony
857		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
858		Barium
859		BTEX
860		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
861		Chlorophenol-2
862		Chromium VI
863		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
864		Cyanide (CN-)
865		Dibutyl phthalate
867		Dichlorobenzene-1,4 (para)

Dichlorophenol-2,4

<u>The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores, transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.</u>

Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Sewage Treatment Plant Effluent Discharges (Includes Lagoons)

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
869		Ethylene Glycol
870		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
871		MCPA (2-methyl-4- chlorophenoxyacetic acid )
872		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
873		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
874		Nitrogen
875		Nitrosodimethylamine-N (NDMA)
877		Phosphorus (total)
878		Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver
879		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
880	1. The system is a wastewater treatment facility that discharges directly to land or surface water through a means other than a designed bypass. 2. The system is designed to discharge treated sanitary sewage at average daily rate that is more than 50,000 cubic metres on an annual basis.	Antimony or one or more of its compounds containing Antimony
881		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
882		Barium
883		BTEX
884		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
885		Chlorophenol-2
886		Chromium VI
887		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
888		Cyanide (CN-)
889		Dibutyl phthalate
890		Dichlorobenzene-1,2 (ortho)
891		Dichlorobenzene-1,4 (para)
892		Dichlorophenol-2,4
893		Ethylene Glycol
894		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead

transmits, treats or disposes of sewage.	(Includes Lagoons)
Ref # Circumstances	Chemical
895	MCPA (2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid )
896	Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
897	Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
898	Nitrogen
899	Nitrosodimethylamine-N (NDMA)
900	Phenol (or its salts)
901	Phosphorus (total)
902	Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver
903	Zinc or one or more of its compour containing Zinc
The handling and storage of a dense non-aqueous phase liquid.	Threat Subcategory: Storage Of A Dense Non Aqueous Phase Liquid (DNAPL)
Ref # Circumstances	Chemical
1. The storage of a DNAPL at or above grade.	Dioxane-1,4
1099	one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
1100	Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)
1101	Trichloroethylene or another DNA
	that could degrade to
1102	that could degrade to Trichloroethylene  Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
1102  1. The storage of a DNAPL if a portion, but not all, of the storage is below grade.	that could degrade to Trichloroethylene  Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL
	that could degrade to Trichloroethylene  Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
1. The storage of a DNAPL if a portion, but not all, of the storage is below grade.	that could degrade to Trichloroethylene  Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride Dioxane-1,4 one or more Polycyclic Aromatic
1108 1. The storage of a DNAPL if a portion, but not all, of the storage is below grade.  1109	that could degrade to Trichloroethylene  Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride Dioxane-1,4 one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)

The establishment, operation or maintenance of a system that collects, stores. Threat Subcategory: Sewage System Or Sewage Works - Sewage Treatment Plant Effluent Discharges

### The handling and storage of pesticide.

### **Threat Subcategory: Storage Of A Pesticide**

Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
1173	1.A pesticide is stored for retail sale or for use in extermination within the meaning of the Pesticides Act. 2.The total mass of all materials stored that contain the pesticide, in any form including liquid or solid, is more than 2,500 kilograms.	MCPA (2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid)
1175		Mecoprop
1184	1.A pesticide is stored at a facility where it is manufactured or processed, or from which it is wholesaled, excluding storage related solely to retail sale or for use in extermination within the meaning of the Pesticides Act. 2.The total mass of all materials stored that contain the pesticide, in any form including liquid or solid, is more than 2,500 kilograms.	MCPA (2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid )
1186		Mecoprop
1190	1.A pesticide is stored for retail sale or for use in extermination within the meaning of the Pesticides Act. 2.The total mass of all materials stored that contain the pesticide, in any form including liquid or solid, is more than 2,500 kilograms.	Atrazine
1191		Dicamba
1192		Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid (D-2,4)
1193		Dichloropropene-1,3
1195		MCPA (2-methyl-4- chlorophenoxyacetic acid )
1196		MCPB (4-(4-chloro-2- methylphenoxy)butanoic acid )
1197		Mecoprop
1198		Metalaxyl
The s	torage of agricultural source material.	
Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1209	1. The agricultural source material is stored at or above grade in or on a permanent nutrient storage facility. 2. The weight or volume of manure stored annually on a farm unit is sufficient to annually land apply	Nitrogen

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1209	1. The agricultural source material is stored at or above grade in or on a permanent nutrient storage facility. 2. The weight or volume of manure stored annually on a farm unit is sufficient to annually land apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 0.5, but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre of the farm units.	Nitrogen
1210		Phosphorus (total)
1211	1. The agricultural source material is stored at or above grade on a temporary field nutrient storage site. 2. The weight or volume of manure stored annually on a farm unit is sufficient to annually land apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 0.5, but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre of the farm units.	Nitrogen
1212		Phosphorus (total)
1215	1.A portion, but not all, of the agricultural source material is stored above grade in or on a permanent nutrient storage facility. 2. The weight or volume of manure stored annually on a farm unit is sufficient to annually land apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 0.5, but not more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre of the farm units.	Nitrogen
1216		Phosphorus (total)
1217	1. The agricultural source material is stored at or above grade in or on a permanent nutrient storage facility. 2. The weight or volume of manure stored annually on a farm unit is sufficient to annually land apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre of the farm units.	Nitrogen
1218		Phosphorus (total)
1219	1. The agricultural source material is stored at or above grade on a temporary field nutrient storage site. 2. The weight or volume of manure stored annually on a farm unit is sufficient to annually land apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre of the farm units.	Nitrogen
1220		Phosphorus (total)
1223	1.A portion, but not all, of the agricultural source material is stored above grade in or on a permanent nutrient storage facility. 2. The weight or volume of manure stored annually on a farm unit is sufficient to annually land apply agricultural source material at a rate that is more than 1.0 nutrient unit per acre of the farm units.	Nitrogen

#### The storage of agricultural source material.

Ref # Circumstances

IXCI #	On our out of the contract of	Officialion
1224		Phosphorus (total)
The h	andling and storage of an organic solvent.  Threat Subcategory: Storage Of An Organic Solvent	
Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
1261	1. The organic solvent is stored in a container at or above grade. 2. The quantity of organic solvent stored is more than 2,500 litres.	Carbon Tetrachloride
1262		Chloroform
1263		Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane)
1269	1. The organic solvent is stored in a container a part of which, but not all, is below grade. 2. The quantity of organic solvent stored is more than 2,500 litres.	Carbon Tetrachloride
1270		Chloroform
1271		Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane)
The h	andling and storage of commercial fertilizer.  Threat Subcategory: Storage Of Commercial Fertilizer	
Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
1287	1. The commercial fertilizer is stored for retail sale or in relation to its application. 2. The total mass of all materials stored that contain the commercial fertilizer, in any form including liquid or solid, is more than 2,500 kilograms.	Nitrogen
1288		Phosphorus (total)
The h	andling and storage of fuel.  Threat Subcategory: Storage Of Fuel	
Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
1384	1. The storage of liquid fuel in a tank at or above grade at a facility as defined in section 1 of O. Reg. 213/01 (Fuel Oil) made under the Technical Standards and Safety Act, 2000 or a facility as defined in section 1 of O. Reg. 217/01 (Liquid Fuels) made under the Technical Standards and Safety Act, 2000, but not including a bulk plant. 2. The fuel is stored in a quantity that is more than 2,500 litres.	BTEX
1399	1.The storage of liquid fuel in a tank, a part of which, but not all, is below grade at a facility as defined in section 1 of O. Reg. 213/01 (Fuel Oil) made under the Technical Standards and Safety Act, 2000 or a facility as defined in section 1 of O. Reg. 217/01 (Liquid Fuels) made under the Technical Standards and Safety Act, 2000, but not including a bulk plant. 2.The fuel is stored in a quantity that is more than 2,500 litres.	BTEX
The h	andling and storage of non-agricultural source material.  Threat Subcategory: Storage of Non-Agricultural Source Material (NASM)	
Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
1417	1. The non-agricultural source material is stored at or above grade in or on a permanent nutrient storage facility. 2. The mass of nitrogen in the non-agricultural source material stored is at least 0.5 tonnes but not more than 5 tonnes.	Nitrogen
1418		Phosphorus (total)
1419	1. The non-agricultural source material is stored at or above grade on a temporary field nutrient storage site. 2. The mass of nitrogen in the non-agricultural source material stored is at least 0.5 tonnes but not more than 5 tonnes.	Nitrogen
1420		Phosphorus (total)

Chemical

#### The handling and storage of non-agricultural source material.

Threat Subcategory: Storage of Non-Agricultural Source Material (NASM)

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1424		Phosphorus (total)
1425	1. The non-agricultural source material is stored at or above grade in or on a permanent nutrient storage facility. 2. The mass of nitrogen in the non-agricultural source material stored is more than 5 tonnes.	Nitrogen
1426		Phosphorus (total)
1427	1. The non-agricultural source material is stored at or above grade on a temporary field nutrient storage site. 2. The mass of nitrogen in the non-agricultural source material stored is more than 5 tonnes.	Nitrogen
1428		Phosphorus (total)
1431	1.A portion, but not all, of the non-agricultural source material is stored above grade in or on a permanent nutrient storage facility. 2.The mass of nitrogen in the non-agricultural source material stored is more than 5 tonnes.	Nitrogen
1432		Phosphorus (total)

#### The handling and storage of road salt.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1437	1. The storage of road salt in a manner that may result in its exposure to precipitation or runoff from precipitation or snow melt. 2. The quantity stored is at least 500, but not more than 5,000 tonnes.	Chloride
1438		Sodium
1441	1. The storage of road salt in a manner that may result in its exposure to precipitation or runoff from precipitation or snow melt. 2. The quantity stored is more than 5,000 tonnes.	Chloride
1442		Sodium

#### The storage of snow.

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1448	1. The snow is stored at or above grade. 2. The area upon which snow is stored is at least 0.01, but not more than 0.5 hectares.	Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
1467	1. The snow is stored at or above grade. 2. The area upon which snow is stored is more than 0.5, but not more than 1 hectares.	Chloride
1468		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
1469		Cyanide (CN-)
1470		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
1471		Nitrogen
1476		Sodium
1477		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
1489	1. The snow is stored at or above grade. 2. The area upon which snow is stored is more than 1, but not more than 5 hectares.	Chloride
1490		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
1491		Cyanide (CN-)

#### The storage of snow.

Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
1492		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
1493		Nitrogen
1494		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F1 (nC6-nC10)
1495		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F4 (>nC34)
1496		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F2 (>nC10-nC16)
1497		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
1498		Sodium
1499		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc
1511	1. The snow is stored at or above grade. 2. The area upon which snow is stored is more than 5 hectares.	Chloride
1512		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
1513		Cyanide (CN-)
1514		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
1515		Nitrogen
1516		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F1 (nC6-nC10)
1517		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F4 (>nC34)
1518		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F2 (>nC10-nC16)
1519		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)
1520		Sodium
1521		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc

# The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act. Threat Subcategory: Storage, Treatment And Discharge Of Tailings From Mines

Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical
1572	1. Tailings from mining operations are stored using an impoundment structure located on the surface. 2. The site is part of a facility for which the NPRI Notice requires a person to report and the report must include information in relation to a substance listed in Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 or Part 2 of Schedule 1 of the notice.	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
1573		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium

The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.

Threat Subcategory: Storage, Treatment And Discharge Of Tailings From Mines

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1574		Chromium VI
1575		Copper or one or more of its compounds containing Copper
1576		Cyanide (CN-)
1577		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
1578		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
1579		Nickel or one or more of its compounds containing Nickel
1580		Nitrogen
1581		Phosphorus (total)
1582		Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver
1583		Sulphide (Hydrogen)
1584		Zinc or one or more of its compounds containing Zinc

# The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act. Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - Landfarming Of Petroleum Refining Waste

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1591	1. The land disposal of petroleum refining waste within the meaning of clause (d) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) R.R.O. 1990 made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2. The area where the land disposal is undertaken is more than 1, but not more than 10 hectares.	BTEX
1592		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
1597	1. The land disposal of petroleum refining waste within the meaning of clause (d) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) R.R.O. 1990 made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2. The area where the land disposal is undertaken is more than 10 hectares.	BTEX
1598		one or more Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
1599		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F1 (nC6-nC10)
1600		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F4 (>nC34)
1601		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F2 (>nC10-nC16)
1602		Petroleum Hydrocarbons F3 (>nC16-nC34)

The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.

Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - Landfilling (Hazardous Waste)

I.The land disposal of hazardous waste, liquid industrial waste, or processed liquid industrial waste, within the meaning of clauses (a) and (b) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347, compounds containing Arsenic corone or more of its compounds containing Lead and the proposed containing Arsenic corone or more of its compounds containing Arsenic corone or more of its compounds containing Arsenic corone or more of its compounds containing Area corone or more of its compounds containing Area corone or more of its compounds containing Area corone or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds containing Sclenium or one or more of its compounds	Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1626   1. The land disposal of hazardous waste, liquid industrial waste, or processed liquid industrial waste, within the meaning of clauses (a) and (b) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347, arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or or of its compounds containing Mercury or one or or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or or of its compounds containing Selenium or one or or or of its compounds containing Silver or one or or or of its contain or	1615		
1. The land disposal of hazardous waste, liquid industrial waste, or processed liquid industrial waste, within the meaning of clauses (a) and (b) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347, R. O. 1990 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2. The fill area is more than 10 hectares.    1628	1618		Chromium VI
R.R.O. 1990 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2. The fill area is more than 10 hectares.  Barium  Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium VI  Chromium VI  Chromium VI  Chromium VI  Chadrium VI  Chromium VI  Chadrium VI  Chromium VI  Chromium VI  Chadrium VI  Chromium VI	1626		Uranium
1629Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium1630Chromium VI1631Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid (D-2,4)1632Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury1633Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury1634ne or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)1635Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium1636Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver1637Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5	1627		
Compounds containing Cadmium	1628		Barium
Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid (D-2,4)  Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead  Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury  need one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)  Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium  Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium  Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver  Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5	1629		
Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead  Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury  In the substitution of the subst	1630		Chromium VI
Compounds containing Lead	1631		Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid (D-2,4)
compounds containing Mercury  1634 one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)  1635 Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium  1636 Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver  1637 Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5	1632		
Biphenyls (PCBs)  Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium  Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver  Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5	1633		
compounds containing Selenium Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver  Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5	1634		
compounds containing Silver Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5	1635		
	1636		
1638 Uranium	1637		Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5
	1638		Uranium

# The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act. Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - Landfilling (Municipal Waste)

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1651	1. The land disposal of municipal waste, within the meaning of clauses (a) and (b) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2. The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
1661		Uranium
1663	1.The land disposal of municipal waste, within the meaning of clauses (a) and (b) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2.The fill area is more than 10 hectares.	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
1664		Barium
1665		BTEX
1666		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium

The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.

Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - Landfilling (Municipal Waste)

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical		
1667		Dichlorobenzene-1,4 (para)		
1668		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead		
1669		Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury		
1670		Nitrogen		
1671		Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium		
1672		Trichloroethylene or another DNAP that could degrade to Trichloroethylene		
1673		Uranium		
1674		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride		
	The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.  Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - Landfilling (Solid Non Hazardous In Commercial)			
Ref#	Circumstances	Chemical		
<b>Ref #</b> 1687	Circumstances  1. The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2. The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.	Chemical Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic		
1687	1. The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its		
1687 1697	1. The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic		
1687 1697 1699	1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2.The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.  1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic Uranium  Arsenic or one or more of its		
1687 1697 1699 1700	1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2.The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.  1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic Uranium  Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic		
1687 1697 1699 1700	1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2.The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.  1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic Uranium  Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic  Barium		
1687 1697 1699 1700 1701 1702	1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2.The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.  1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic Uranium  Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic  Barium  BTEX  Cadmium or one or more of its		
1687 1697 1699 1700 1701 1702	1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2.The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.  1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic Uranium  Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic  Barium  BTEX  Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium		
1687 1697 1699 1700 1701 1702 1703 1704	1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2.The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.  1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic Uranium  Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic  Barium  BTEX  Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium  Dichlorobenzene-1,4 (para)  Lead or one or more of its		
	1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, is undertaken at the site. 2.The fill area is at least 1 but not more than 10 hectares.  1.The land disposal of industrial waste or commercial waste within the meaning of clause (c) of the definition of "land disposal" in section 1 of Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic Uranium  Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic  Barium  BTEX  Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium  Dichlorobenzene-1,4 (para)  Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead  Mercury or one or more of its		

The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.	Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - Landfilling (Solid Non Hazardou Commercial)	ıs Industrial or
Ref # Circumstances		Chemical
1708		Trichloroethylene or another DNAPL that could degrade to Trichloroethylene
1709		Uranium
1710		Vinyl chloride or another DNAPL that could degrade to vinyl chloride
The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.	Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - PCB Waste Storage	
Ref # Circumstances		Chemical
1883 1.PCB waste is stored in an outdoor area and not in a container. 2.The PCB waste is stored at a PC made under the Environmental Protection Act or was delivered to a site under written instructions	CB waste disposal site as described in Section 3 of Regulation 362 (Waste Management – PCBs), R.R.O. 1990, s of a Director in accordance with clause 8(a) of that regulation.	one or more Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.	Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - Storage Of Hazardous Waste At	Disposal Sites
Ref # Circumstances		Chemical
1884 1. Hazardous waste or liquid industrial waste is stored at or above grade.		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
1885		Barium
1886		Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium
1887		Chromium VI
1888		Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid (D-2,4)
1889		Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
1890		Mercury or one or more of its

compounds containing Mercury

Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium

Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5

Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver

Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic

Cadmium or one or more of its compounds containing Cadmium

Barium

1. Hazardous waste or liquid industrial waste is stored, and a portion, but not all of the waste is stored below grade.

1891

1892

1893

1904

1905

1906

The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within Threat Subcategory: Waste Disposal Site - Storage Of Hazardous Waste At Disposal Sites the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.

Ref # Circumstances	Chemical
1907	Chromium VI
1908	Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid (D-2,4)
1909	Lead or one or more of its compounds containing Lead
1910	Mercury or one or more of its compounds containing Mercury
1911	Selenium or one or more of its compounds containing Selenium
1912	Silver or one or more of its compounds containing Silver
1913	Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid-2,4,5
The establishment, operation or maintenance of a waste disposal site within the meaning of Part V of the Environmental Protection Act.  Threat Subcategory: Waste Dis	sposal Site - Storage of wastes described in clauses (p), (q), (r), (s), (t) or us waste

Ref #	Circumstances	Chemical
1914	1. A site that is not approved to accept hazardous waste or liquid industrial waste but accepts a waste described in clause (p), (q), (r), (s), (t) or (u) of the definition of hazardous waste as defined in Regulation 347 (General - Waste Management) made under the Environmental Protection Act, or in clause (d) of the definition of liquid industrial waste in that regulation, and stores the waste at or above grade.	Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
1917		Chromium VI
1934		Arsenic or one or more of its compounds containing Arsenic
1937		Chromium VI